# INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS

CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL SERVING AS THE DESIGNATED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE (DGR)

**DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY** 



### What We Will Cover



## **General Guidelines**

Violation of the NISPOM Rule,

ITAR or Directives

**DGR** 

Role

## **Appointed as a Contractor DGR**



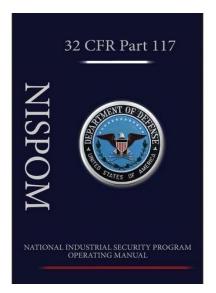
- Nominated by your facility
- Trained by DCSA Field Office personnel
- Designated by DCSA Field Office Chief
- All CTR-DGR documents will be reviewed during Security Review

#### **Negligent or Willful Violation of NISPOM Rule or ITAR**









## **International Transfers**



- Formal transfer of classified material from one government to another in accordance with 32 CFR §117.19 (d)
- Accomplished by Designated Government Representatives (DGRs)



## EXPORTS TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

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#### **General Guidelines**



## Prior to authorizing classified exports ensure:

All arrangements and procedures, such as:

- Transportation Plans (TP)
- Hand Carriage (HC) Requests, and/or
- Secure Communications Plans (SCP)

are coordinated and have been approved by both, DCSA and the Foreign Gov't

Reference: 32 CFR §117.19 (d)(1)(ii)

The DCSA Field Office (FO) has the original DSP-85 or other appropriate export authorization

All Applicable NISPOM Rule and ITAR provisions are met

Review Provisos on DSP-85 or DSP-5

A file for each export and import, including the required empowered official certification, are created and maintained for future review



#### **Certification 32 CFR §117.19 (d)(8)(iii)**

Obtain written certification from the dispatching contractor's, Empowered Official, verifying the classified export is within the limitations of the approved export authorization or an authorized export exemption

#### Visual Inspection

- Detailed review of material and quantities
- Visually inspect all serial numbers (s/n) within documentation
  - When applicable, ensure serial number(s) match the serial number on the hardware



#### **Packaging and Marking**

The material must be packaged, marked, and prepared in accordance with 32 CFR §117.15 (f) & §117.19 (d)(8). The inner wrapping must be marked with the material's classification



#### Labeling

Both the inner and outer wrapping will reflect the addresses of the dispatching and receiving facility's security office

Never authorize the export of a package without viewing the contents!!



### Receipts and Suspense

Contractor DGR will receipt the classified material to the U.S. DGR person

The U.S. DGR will receipt the material to the Foreign Gov't DGR

Contractor DGR receipt will be included in the shipment, requesting a return receipt – suspended no later than 30 days from the date of dispatch

#### AF Form 310 Document, receipt certificate is acceptable

There must be a continuous chain of receipts, to record international transfers of all classified material, from the facility through the U.S. DGR to the recipient DGR

Follow-up action by DCSA must be requested, if the signed receipt is not returned within 45 days

**Reference:** 32 CFR §117.19 (d)(7)



#### **Contractor DGR Duties**

Contractor will notify their local DCSA FO, in writing, after each classified authorization; providing the following information:

- Identification of the classified item
- The number of units, specifying, shipped/received
- Applicable import/export authorization number
- Dollar value of unit(s) shipped
- Port of embarkation

#### **Notification Frequency**

High volumes of exports, may warrant the need to report authorizations less frequently – your DCSA IS Rep will determine a timeframe, not to exceed 1-month

• Notification, typically, should take place on the day of shipment



#### **Endorsing and Decrementing of the DSP-85**

The final page of the DSP-85, within the *endorsement* section, the DGR will indicate which item on the face of the license is being exported, and maintain a continuing balance of the remaining value

- The DGR will notify their DCSA IS-Rep after each export or at a predetermined interval, and supply the necessary data for decrement
- The IS-Rep will decrement the original export license(s)
  - CTR DGRs
     do not
     decrement

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#### **Return of License to DDTC**

DCSA IS-Rep returns expired or completed licenses to the DDTC when:

- Dollar value of license has been shipped
  - (may be exceeded by 10%)
- Quantity of material has been shipped
- Facility advises there will be no further shipments
- The license has expired
- DDTC requests the license be returned



#### **DSP-85 Retention**

A copy of the DSP-85 must be retained by the facility in accordance with the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR)



#### **Foreign Embassy Transmissions**

International Transmission through Foreign Embassies in Washington D.C. (some embassies accept and forward small classified packages via their diplomatic pouch)

- SECRET material may be mailed to the foreign embassy by U.S. Postal Service (USPS) Express Mail or USPS Registered Mail
- CONFIDENTIAL material may be sent, as above or, by USPS Certified Mail to the foreign embassy
- An approved Transportation Plan is required



#### **Cover Letter**

A transmittal letter will be enclosed between the inner and outer wrapping, to instruct the embassy staff of the:

- purpose of the package, and
- intended recipient of the package

a sample letter can be provided by the IS Rep

#### Labeling

- The embassy address will be reflected on the outer envelope
- The inner envelope will reflect the final destination address and point of contact (POC)

## **Exports to Foreign Governments – Summary**







There must be a continuous chain of receipts – from facility, through U.S. DGR, to recipient DGR



Notify IS-Rep of shipment and IS-Rep will decrement the original export license(s)



Must have an approved Transportation Plan



Expired or completed licenses are returned to the DDTC by DCSA



Obtain written certification from the dispatching contractor's, Empowered Official



Israeli and Canadian embassies will not accept classified mail or packages

## IMPORTS FROM FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

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## Contractor DGR Role – Imports from Foreign Gov't



- Imports take place by:
  - Hand Carry (HC)
    - Must have HC Plan approved by both governments
      - Import authorization TAA, DSP-85, etc.
  - Freight
    - Must have approved TP (by both governments)
    - DSP-85 Temporary Imports, no permanent imports
    - Permanent Imports must have approval from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF)
    - or ITAR exemption
  - Mail from Embassies
    - Must have approved TP or agreed upon process between DCSA and the foreign embassy.



#### **Procedures for Imports**

- All imports will be opened in the presence of a DGR
- Immediately notify the DCSA Field Office of any discrepancies related to receipt of classified material
  - Tampered with or opened
  - Receipts incorrect
  - No approved TP or prior coordination
- The DGR will sign the hand receipt for all imports and return it to the originating DGR
- The DGR will prepare a receipt transferring the material from the DGR to the facility

## QUESTIONS, TO TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE...

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- 1. What document relieves the DGR from liability for an unlawful export?
- a. Transportation Plan
- b. Empowered Official's Certification
- c. DSP-85
- d. Technical Assistance agreement w/DSP-5



2. On what document(s) would you find the Provisos?

- a. DSP-85
- b. E.O. Certification
- c. DSP-5
- d. a & c only
- e. None of the above



- 3. A foreign courier unexpectedly shows up at your facility with a classified document. Your research reveals that the program manager was aware of this incoming Hand Carry, but it was not coordinated though DCSA or the Security Office. How should you respond?
- a. Refuse the shipment and tell the courier to go back to his home country.
- b. Beat up the Program Manager
- c. both a & b
- d. Safeguard the package and contact your DCSA IS-Rep for guidance.



- 4. Which of the following is not an authorized action for the DSP-85 as it relates to licensing.
- a. Temporary Imports of classified hardware
- b. Temporary Exports of classified hardware
- c. Permanent Imports of classified hardware
- d. Permanent Exports of classified hardware



- 5. As a Contractor DGR you will not have to prepare a receipt transferring the classified material from your facility to the USDGR.
- a. True
- b. False

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- DCSA will do which of the following for Negligent or Willful Violation of NISPOM or ITAR?
- a. DCSA Personnel Vetting
- Immediate revocation of DGR status
- Immediately revoke your Security Clearance
- d. All of the above
- e. a & b only



- 7. Expired and Completed licenses are returned to what organization?
- a. CBP
- b. DCSA
- c. ATF
- d. DDTC



8. What level of classified can be transmitted via foreign embassies?

- a. Top Secret
- b. Up to and including Secret
- c. Confidential only
- d. None of the above, foreign embassies do not forward classified packages



- 9. A DSP-85 was issued 3 years ago for the Permanent Export of 100 air launched guided missiles for a total value of \$10-Million dollars.
- a. Yes
- b. No

#### Scenario

So far the facility has shipped 95 Missiles at \$9,700,000. Next shipment is 5 missiles at \$510,000 for a total value of \$10,210,000. Can this shipment be released?



- 10. A DSP-85 was issued 3 years ago for the Permanent Export of 100 air launched guided missiles for a total value of \$10-Million dollars.
- a. Yes
- b. No

#### Scenario

So far the facility has shipped 95 Missiles at \$9,500,000. Next shipment is 6 missiles at \$600,000 for a total value of \$10,100,000. Can this shipment be released?

# QUESTIONS, TO TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE... ANSWERS

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## **Test Your Knowledge... Answers**



- 1.
- b. Empowered Official's Certification
- 2.
- d. a & c only
- 3.
  - d. Safeguard the package and contact your DCSA IS-Rep for guidance.
- 4.
- c. Permanent Imports of classified hardware Permanent imports are controlled by Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF)

Reference: 32 CFR § 123.2 - Import Jurisdiction

- 5.
- b. False

Reference: 32 CFR §117.19 (d)(7)

## **Test Your Knowledge... Answers Continued**



- 6.
- e. a & b only
- 7.
- d. DDTC
- 8.
- b. Up to and including Secret
- 9.
- a. Yes

Authorities may authorize shipments of hardware when the total value of the shipment does not exceed the aggregate value on the license by more than 10%. If the value has increased by more than 10% a new license is required.

## **Test Your Knowledge... Answers Continued**



10.

#### b. No

Quantities may not be amended. Additions should be treated as new order, as a result a new license is required.